



# VIDYAVARDHAKA LAW COLLEGE MYSURU

## CAREER GUIDANCE CELL

IQAC

In Association with Negilayogi vidyavardhaka competitive  
Examination Centre

And

Mysore Law Academy Mysuru.

Organizing One Day Workshop  
for

**545 PSI Aspirants**

Venue: Vidyavardhaka Law College

Time: 11:00AM

Date: 05-03-2021

# VIDYAVARDHAKA LAW COLLEGE, SHESHADRI IYER ROAD, MYSURU

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## Career Guidance Programme Report - 2020-21

On 05<sup>th</sup> March 2021 One Day workshop for “ 545 PSI Aspirants” was organized by Career Guidance Cell in association with Negilayogi vidyavardhaka competitive Exam Centre and Mysuru Law Academy .



The Programme was inaugurated by Dr. A.N Prakash Gowda, IPS, Asst, Police Commissioner, Law and Order, Mysore City, Dr. Siddaraju KAS, Addl Commissioner, State Audit & Accounts Department, Sri Gajendra Prasad G S DYSP, Karnataka Police Academy, Mysuru, Prof S.C Jayaramu, Estate, officer, UOM, Mysuru, Smt. Deepu P.

**Dr. A.N Prakash Gowda, IPS, Asst, Police Commissioner, Law and Order, Mysore City,** after inaugurating this programme they explained about how to face the competatative examination with the various examples. They also express the view that women should more opportunities in each and every field for the establishment of empowerment of women. They also stated that how to make a preparation for to face a competitive exam. Even they explained about the importance of the constitution of India. While making preparation foe exam they have to concentrate on various aspects like constitution of central and state government. Administration of every organ of the state for the establishment of good governance. Aspirants should have a confidence to face the competitive exam with positive thinking and hard work.



**Dr. Siddaraju KAS, Addl Commissioner, State Audit & Accounts Department,** They explained about the importance of internet to the aspirants. And they also explained that how to the internet and the Books. They gave much more importance to books rather than internet. They also stated that only with the help of hard work and confidence everyone can face the competitive examination.



**Sri Gajendra Prasad G S DYSP, Karnataka Police Academy, Mysuru,** They express the view that every aspirants should gain there success only through by hard work and not through by money. Money cannot purchase the knowledge of a person. They also stated that every aspirants must have a basic principles about their life. They also express that more aspirants are gain success who comes from remote areas and backward villages. Every aspirants must utilize the resources which is available to them to gain success in the examination. Learning process must be in continuous in nature. There must be no destruction from other sources like internet. Using internet should be in limited manner.

**Prof S.C Jayaramu, Estate, officer, UOM,** They express the view that, aspirants must utilize the resources which is available in educational institution. Aspirants must know how to write the answer regarding the question which posed by the department. Every aspirants must learn and discussion must be held between the aspirants. Every aspirant must give an importance to the time.

**Prof. K B Vasudeva, Director of legal studies** They express the view that every student is the best. Every student must affectionate towards the text books. Everybody should know the administration of the system. Concentration is more necessary for every student. Every student must work hard. There are no short cuts for success. They express the view that how police system and police officer are working in our system.



**Kum. Bhavya, PSI, Saraswathi puram Police Station Mysore** as a resource of the workshop they express the view that every student must gain knowledge in every sector of the life. Every student must have goal in their life. To achieve goal in their life every student must work hard in their life. As a resource person she express the view that how to face the competitive exam in their life. Though the difficulty may arise in the .life, but every student has to face the exam every confidently in their life.



**Mahendra T S PSI Alanahalli Police Station, Mysore.** They express the view that in every competitive examination, students must refer the previous year question paper. They also express

that which book has to refer for the various subjects. While doing any work students must satisfy with their work. Every students must refer the books in the deep manner. They must analyse the book in preparation of the exam.



Lastly **Our Principal Smt. Deepu**, Express the vote of thanks to every guests of the program.

Co-ordinator

Principal

**VIDYAVARDHAKA LAW COLLEGE  
SHESHADRI IYER ROAD  
CAREER GUIDANCE CELL**

**CIRCULAR**

It is hereby informed to all members of career guidance to attend meeting on 09-03-2021 at 3pm to discuss about conducting special lecture .

**Members of career guidance:**

**Rajesh M C**

**Assistant Professor of sociology**

**Prakruthi A R**

**Assistant Professor of law**

**Co-ordinator of career guidance**

**Principal**

**Career Guidance cell  
Meeting Proceedings  
Held on 09-03-2021**

The meeting commenced from the welcome note by our principal Smt. Deepu.P.

Our Principal, cell member, co ordinator decided to conduct special lecture on constitutional law. Regarding inviting the guests to the program, a huge discussion was held in the meeting. Finally everyone decided to invite Dr. N. Sathish gowda Associate professor of law, university of Bangalore. In meeting they decided to conduct special lecture on 12-03-2021.

Lastly co-ordinator of career guidance express the vote of thanks.

**Co-ordinator**

**Principal**



**VIDYAVARDHAKA LAW COLLEGE  
SHESHURI IYER ROAD  
CAREER GUIDANCE CELL**

**2020-21 Report**

**Special Lecture**  
**On**  
***Comparative Studies Between Fundamental Rights***  
***and Directive Principles of State Policy***  
***Held on Date: 12-03-2021***

**By**  
***Dr. N Sathish Gowda***  
***Associate Professor***  
***University Law College***  
***University of Bangalore***  
***Bengaluru.***  
***Date: 12-03-2021***

Dr. Sathish Gowda began his lecture highlighting that Art. 32 is the heart of the constitution. It was also emphasized by Dr. B R Ambedkar. Citing few cases on enforcing fundamental rights. He said that NGO'S plays a dominant role in enforcing the rights of citizen by filling writ petition.

Society without state, state without constitution gives rise to judicial activism. It is the duty of judiciary to interpret the law.

They also emphasis on vishaka v/s state of Rajasthan, consider CEDAW guidelines was laid down the judiciary has a separate and dominant role to play.

Fundamental rights and Directive principles of state policy were like brothers but today they are like Sisters. J. P. N Bhagawathi and J. V R Krishna Iyer were successful in bringing consense with these two.



A judge is the protector, guardian of the constitution or law. He noted that fundamental rights and directive principles of state are same and there is no difference between these two.

He also stayed about Dharmashsattras, Yagnavalkya principles speaks about duties od citizens. The magna carta too ombibes the above principles.

Constitution without part 3 becomes Zero. It is nothing . The U S Bill is rights is rights is fundamental rights of Indian Constitution.



In 1945 UNO came into existence keeping its objective UDHR came into being.

With the influence of these fundamental rights came into existence. In 1966 ICCPR and ICESCR were adopted and they became Fundamental rights and Directive principles of state policy.

Fundamental rights are enforceable before court of law. And DPSP are fundamental in the government. They also stated that there were 7 rights and now only 6 fundamental rights are in our constitution. Right to property is not a fundamental rights. The rights which involve financial implication are under DPSP and those which does not come under Fundamental rights. If there is

existing laws DPSP can be enforced. He cited example on Maternity benefit Act. Fundamental rights are qualified rights subject to reasonable restriction. It is the duty of the state to maintain social order. It should pass laws to protect DPSP. He also stated various case laws regarding the subject matter.

He also stated that court ruled that fundamental rights prevail over DPSP. Reservation is not a fundamental rights. They also stated about the importance of the judiciary.

Prof. K B Vasudeva speaks in the occasion and said that if we like we can gain any knowledge.



Understand the speaking order of constitution. There are so many reasons for being the provisions. The intelligence of judiciary is utmost important in innumerable case laws precede for this.

Finally our institution felicitate our resource person.



Vote of thanks held by the coordinator of career guidance cell.

Co-ordinator

Principal

